

# Installation Instructions for Mincey Marble's Standard 3-Piece Panels [Extending to the Ceiling]

### CONTENTS:

- Pre-installation checklist and notes
- Materials and tools needed
- Standard panel installation

ATTENTION: Prior to installation, please read through these instructions to avoid any unnecessary breakage. Any breakage due to handling or installing the panels is the responsibility of the installer and not covered under the Mincey Warranty.

These installation instructions apply to all standard Mincey 3-piece panel systems where the panels extend to the ceiling and each wall is manufactured in one piece. If your project uses panels that won't extend to the ceiling, please refer to the instructions labeled **"Standard 3-Piece Panel Not Extending to the Ceiling"**. Note that all drawings are not to scale.

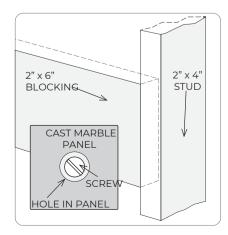
If your project requires the back walls or side walls to be manufactured in more than one piece per wall, please use the instructions labeled **"Large Wall Seam Instructions"**. These instances will occur when your back wall is larger than 62" wide or when any of the walls are more than 96" tall.

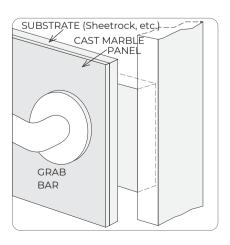
NOTE: Mincey Marble shower surround panels are waterproof.

### PRE-INSTALLATION CHECKLIST AND NOTES

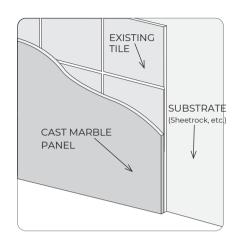
STORAGE: Cast marble panels are more fragile in extremely cold temperatures and should be handled with care in these conditions. When possible, store all material in a heated area at least 24 hours prior to installation.

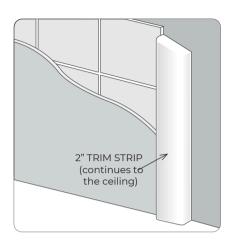
BLOCKING: If you are installing grab bars, blocking should always be placed in the proper location prior to the wall substrate being installed. We recommend using a 2" x 6" on end. Once the Mincey panels are installed, all screw holes must be pre-drilled through the panels large enough so that no screw threading comes in contact with the panel. This will prevent damage to the panel. Tighten all screws carefully - the panels can be cracked or broken if over-tightened.



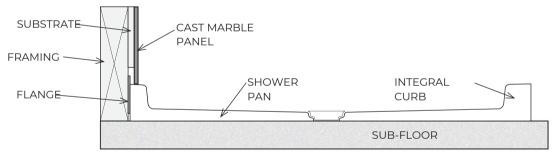


INSTALLING OVER TILE: First, make sure the tile is well-adhered to the substrate and clean of mold and mildew. Follow all standard instructions for cutting and installing the panels - EXCEPT - use only 100% silicone or cast marble adhesive for the adhesive. Add a two inch trim strip to cover up existing material as shown in the diagram below.



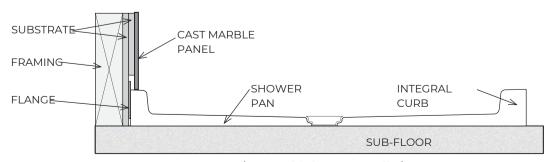


SUBSTRATE: **The tub or shower pan must be set in place before the substrate can be installed**. (Please see Shower Pan Installation Instructions for installing the pan.) Shower pans and tubs have a leak-proof flange attached to them. The wall substrate must be thick enough so that when the panels are installed, they are flush with the wall while covering the flange without bowing out at the bottom. **Recommended substrate**: moisture resistant drywall. With Mincey panels, **you do not need a waterproof membrane behind the panels**.

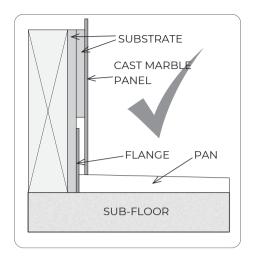


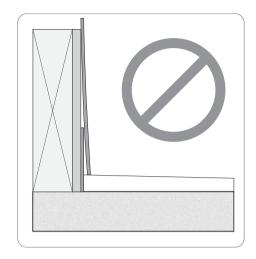
**Standard Substrate Installation** 

Fire-rated substrate installation will require two layers of substrate to be installed. The first layer should be installed before the pan and all the way to the sub-floor. The second layer should be installed stopping just above the fiberglass flange, so the panel can sit flush to the pan's surface without bowing out.



Fire-Rated Substrate Installation

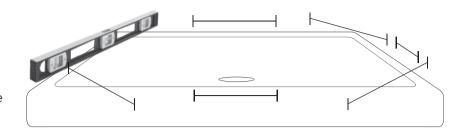




# MATERIALS / TOOLS NEEDED CHECKLIST

- Cast marble adhesive for applying panels to the substrate (sheetrock, etc.) **OR** 100% silicone with construction adhesive (like PL 375 or PL Premium)
- Bracing to hold panel in place while curing or a fast-setting adhesive like commercial grade hot glue
- Circular saw with a masonry blade **or** angle grinder with diamond masonry blade (optional: vacuum attachment if minimizing dust is important)
- Drill / various drill bits
- Mask for when cutting panels
- Measuring tape
- Pencil for marking measurements on front of panels. Pencil marks can be removed by acetone once installed.
- Hole saw for drilling plumbing fixtures. Diamond hole saw is recommended. 1 1/4" and 4" are the most common, however, sizes will vary according to the specific job requirements and fixtures.
- Saw horses
- 2" x 4"s to place over saw horses to support panels when cutting 4' level
- 80 grit sandpaper for sanding a light bevel edge on cut edges to eliminate chipping the finish upon install
- Acetone for cleanup of markings and general panel cleanup
- Dry, clean rags

First, make sure the shower pan or tub is level from front to back, side to side, and diagonally. The maximum tolerance is +/- 1/4". If the pan or tub is over 1/4" out of level in any direction, you should notify the customer before moving forward with the installation.

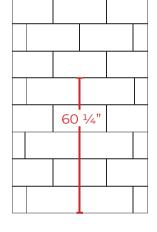


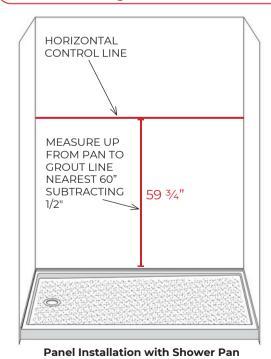
To start, establish a **CONTROL LINE**. This **CL** will be used throughout the installation process to make sure your panels fit as designed. In these instructions, we use a tile pattern panel system (product # TS-CS/12x24) as an example panel system.

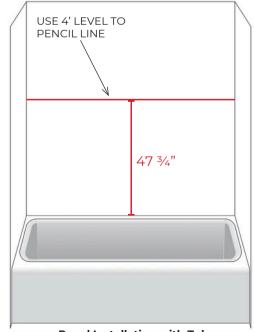
Measure the back panel area from the bottom up to the **center of the grout line closest to 60**". If installing a tub, measure the back panel area up to the **center of the grout line closest to 48**". When you have determined this measurement, **subtract ½" from the**measurement. This ½" will be used for adjustment of the panel.

**FOR EXAMPLE:** Our TS-CS/12x24 panel system grout line closest to 60" for a shower measures 60 ½". Deduct ½" and you have 59 ¾". This is where you take your level and pencil a line across the back wall at 59 ¾". This is your **HORIZONTAL CONTROL LINE**. If installing a panel system for a tub, replicate the process using the grout line closest to 48".

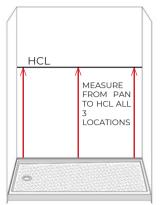
ATTENTION: If these instructions are not followed exactly, the grout joints will not align panel to panel. Misalignment is the number one factor for customer dissatisfaction and requiring the purchase of additional material. As a general rule, in order to install the panels correctly, you will need to trim the panels on all sides following these instructions very closely.



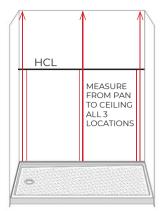




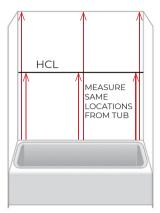
Now that the HORIZONTAL CONTROL LINE is established, take measurements to determine the dimensions in which to cut the **BACK PANEL**. Start by measuring from the pan/tub to the HCL in left, center, and right locations. Then, measure from the pan/tub all the way to the ceiling in the same three locations.



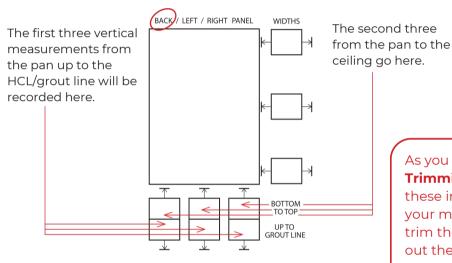




**Back Panel with Shower Pan** 



**Back Panel with Tub** 



Panel Trimming Guide
Located on the last page of these instructions

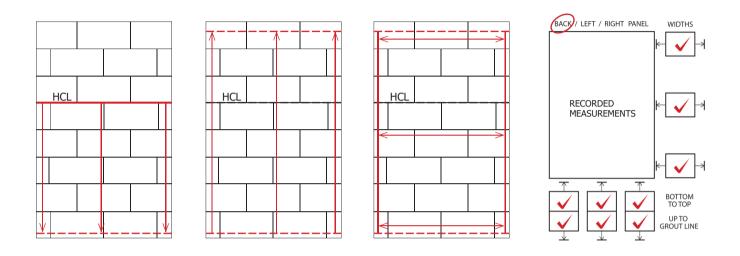
\*\*Follow the same instructions for a tub installation.\*\*

As you take your measurements, use the **Panel Trimming Guide** located on the last page of these instructions. This will help you transfer your measurements to the panels when you trim them. Simply follow the instructions, and fill out the fields in the guide for accurate and proper order for trimming and installation.

Next, measure and record the back panel location width at the top, center, and bottom. You are now ready to transfer these measurements to the back panel for trimming.



To trim the back panel, measure from the GROUT LINE which established your HCL toward the bottom of the panel. Mark the panel in the left, center, and right vertical positions and connect with a pencil line. Measure up from this pencil line to mark the BOTTOM TO TOP measurement in all three locations and connect them with a pencil line. Then, measure from the center of the back panel to establish the top, center and bottom horizontal measurements, connecting them with a pencil line. You want to trim equal amounts off of both sides to center the panel. Allow ½" tolerance on the sides of the back panel for installation (once installed, the side panels will cover the two side gaps).



You are now ready to trim the back panel. Place the panel on top of the 2" x 4"s on the saw horse. Trim with the circular saw with masonry blade or angle grinder with diamond blade or masonry blade. If you are trimming more than ½" of material, make sure to support the material being trimmed off to avoid the material breaking off before completing the cut. If the piece being trimmed breaks off, it could damage the panel and render the panel useless. After you have trimmed the panel, thoroughly sand all cut edges with 80 grit sandpaper, especially the bottom. Sanding down edges helps prevent chipping, especially at the bottom Whenever possible, dry fit the panel to make sure it is a proper fit before applying adhesive to the wall. Once the fit is confirmed, wipe down the wall with acetone to clean and prepare the wall. Then, wipe off the pencil marks on the front of the panel with acetone. Lastly, wipe off the back, unfinished side of the panel with acetone to clean it of dust and debris.

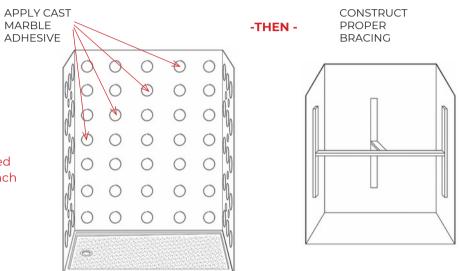
## There are two basic methods of applying adhesive and adhering the panels to the wall.

**METHOD 1:** We recommend using cast marble adhesive, which is formulated specifically for the installation of cast marble. Bracing is also recommended to make sure the panels stay in place until the adhesive has set. (optional: In some cases, you may be able to use a fast-setting adhesive like a commercial hot melt glue in several areas of the panels to avoid using bracing. The fast-setting adhesive will simply hold the panel in place, giving the adhesive time to cure to hold the panel permanently to the wall. However, in these cases, the walls and panels need to be extremely flat. If the walls are bowed or the panels have been stored onsite for a long period of time, bracing is the recommended method.)

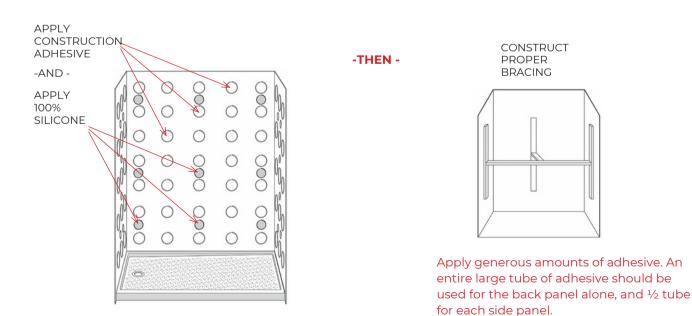
To order cast marble adhesive, color matched silicone, or other installation tools, contact <u>Mincey</u> <u>Install</u>.

Mincey Install is a certified installation company that is independent of Mincey Marble Mfg. Inc.

Apply generous amounts of adhesive. An entire large tube of adhesive should be used for the back panel alone, and ½ tube for each side panel.

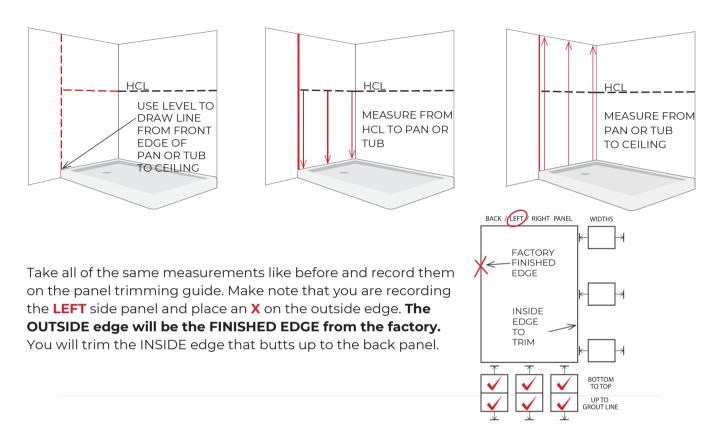


**METHOD 2:** If you choose not to use cast marble adhesive, we recommend a combination of construction adhesive and silicone. Bracing is also recommended to make sure the panels stay in place until the adhesive has set.

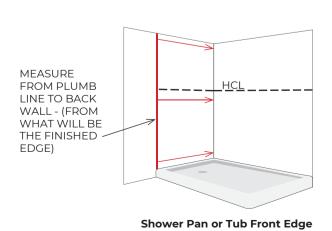


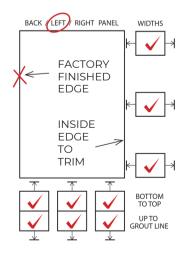
If you are installing trim at the front edge of the shower pan or tub, please refer to the footnote instructions at the end of this document for details on how to properly install. We recommend you install the trim before the side panels.

You are now ready to trim and install the side panels. Using the same panel trimming guide, you will take measurements relative to the GROUT LINE or HORIZONTAL CONTROL LINE. First, you will need to transfer the HCL to the side walls and establish a plumb line at the front edge of the pan or tub.



To determine what WIDTH to trim the side panel, measure from the PLUMB LINE that was established from the edge of the pan or tub back to the wall corner in all three top, center, and bottom locations.

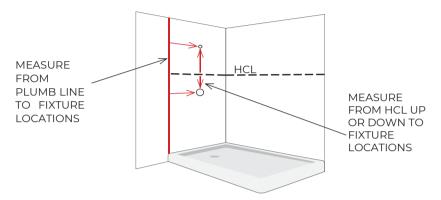




**Recorded Measurements** 

Trim the side panel by transferring the measurements from the panel trimming guide to the panel like before, using the circular saw or angle grinder. After you have trimmed the panel, thoroughly sand all cut edges with 80 grit sandpaper, especially the bottom. Install the side panel using the same adhesive technique as the back panel.

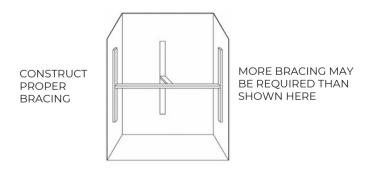
You will need to locate and cut the holes for the plumbing fixtures on the appropriate side panel. Measure from the HCL either upward or downward depending on the locations of the control valve and the showerhead pipe. Measure over from the PLUMB LINE / FINISHED EDGE to the locations. These will determine where to drill your holes in the panel. Normally, there will be two holes to be located and drilled for a shower and three for a tub.



**Plumbing Fixture Locations** 

Carefully drill out the holes for the plumbing fixtures in the panel. Be aware that if you use too much pressure when drilling, you can damage the panel, especially as the drill completes the hole.

**BRACING**: Properly bracing the panels is important to allow the adhesive to set. Be sure to use caution when constructing the bracing. Below is a general graphic illustrating how bracing can be constructed, but there are other variables that may come into play depending upon the conditions at the site. You may need to build more braces, but you want to make sure that the panels are held firmly but without enough pressure to crack or damage the panels.



After the adhesive has had time to dry, usually 24 hours, carefully remove the bracing. You are now ready to caulk all of the joints. Use 100% silicone where marble meets marble. Where marble meets substrate (sheetrock, etc.), use paintable latex caulk.

A caulk joint should not exceed  $\frac{1}{4}$ " at the widest point. A tight joint with no gap is preferred, but if it is larger than  $\frac{1}{4}$ " the panel may need to be re-cut for a tighter fit.





You are now ready to install any accessories. To install soap dishes, shampoo shelves and foot rests, whether cast marble, ceramic or chrome plated metal, please refer to the appropriate Accessory Installation Instructions for that product.

When installing trim pieces for the sides of the shower or tub, it is recommended that you measure and cut them at the same time you are measuring and trimming the back panel. After cutting the trim, test fit them. Install the trim right up against the pan or tub following the vertical plumb line. Use cast marble adhesive or 100% silicone combined with commercial grade hot glue. Press and hold into place. After a couple of minutes, the hot glue will set and hold the trim in place. Proceed with installing the side panels as per these instructions.

